

# Digitisation, processing and visualisation of monuments within the 3D-ICONS framework

The case of Athena RC



**Dr. Anestis Koutsoudis**  
Multimedia Research Group  
*Athena Research and Innovation Centre, Xanthi, Greece*



**Athena Research Center**  
Research and Innovation Center in Information,  
Communication and Knowledge Technologies

Major monuments promised to be delivered...

First Collection : Ottoman Monuments in Thrace, Greece

- **Kioutouklou Baba Bekctashic Teke**

- Ottoman period (1354 - 1920)
- Historical scheduled monument
- Sidini, Xanthi, Greece
- Funerary site - place of worship



Major monuments promised to be delivered...

## Second Collection : Paleochristian and Byzantine Monuments in Northern Greece

### • Church of the Holy Apostles

- 14<sup>th</sup> Century
- Included in Unesco's world heritage list
- Located in the center of Thessaloniki
- Still in service





Major monuments promised to be delivered...

## Second Collection : Paleochristian and Byzantine Monuments in Northern Greece

### • Church of the Acheiropoietos

- 5<sup>th</sup> Century
- Included in Unesco's world heritage list
- Located in the center of Thessaloniki
- Still in service
- Major restoration of the interior mosaics



Major monuments promised to be delivered...

## Second Collection : Paleochristian and Byzantine Monuments in Northern Greece

- Church of St. George (Rotunda)
- 4<sup>th</sup> Century
- Included in Unesco's world heritage list
- Located in the center of Thessaloniki
- High number of visitors on a daily basis

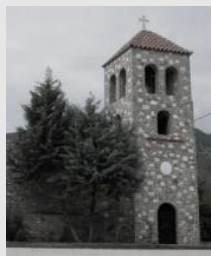




Major monuments promised to be delivered...

## Third Collection : Monastic monuments of Northern Greece

- Monastery of Panagia Kalamou in Xanthi
  - Exists since 17<sup>th</sup> century
  - Major reconstruction/restoration in 20<sup>th</sup> cen.
  - Still in service
  - Probably the most morphologically complex



Major monuments promised to be delivered...

## Third Collection : Monastic monuments of Northern Greece

- **Monastery of Panagia Kosmosotira in Feres**
  - Founded in 1152
  - Build to be a miniature of Hagia Sofia



## Aspects of the *conventional* pipeline being followed...

- Divided into two main phases...
- Data Collection – Digitisation
  - Terrestrial and aerial photoshooting
  - Also perform
    - Terrestrial TOF Laser Scanning → Partial capturing of monument's surfaces
    - Total station and empirical measurements (e.g. measuring tapes)
      - Target positioning, distances between strong features on monument's surface
- Data Processing
  - Structure from Motion / Multi-image dense stereo 3D reconstruction
  - Generation of primary model (Triangulated mesh)
  - Scale model → Based on laser scanning, total station, measurements data
  - Generation of lower resolution meshes
  - Export to *publish* file format – Use of a Web landing page
  - Generation of fly-around video sequences of monuments and details





## Data collection equipment...

### • Terrestrial session

- Set of Samsung NX1000 compact DSLRs 20MP → 16mm fixed zoom and 22mm-55mm lenses
- Set of tripods and custom variable height monopods
- Optec Iiris 3<sup>6</sup>D TOF laser scanner
- Topcon GPT-3005N total station

### • Aerial session

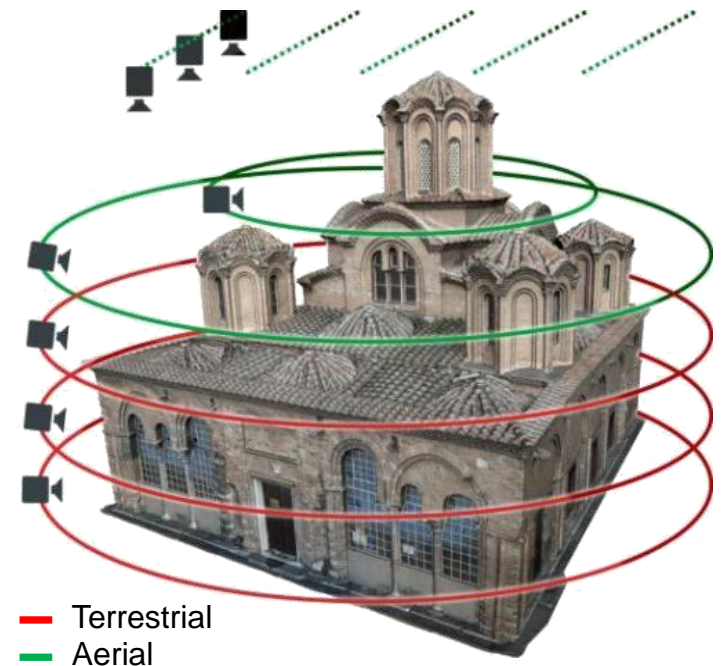
#### UAV specs - Custom design and implementation by Aeroview.gr

- Hexacopter – X frame arrangement (Diameter: 80cm)
- Naza-M controller board with GPS (Altitude hold, return home)
- Payload capability 2Kg – Total Weight 4.7Kg
- Flying time 15 minutes – Five cell 18.5Volt Li-Po
- Two axis (Yaw, Roll) gimbal camera base
- FPV – Telemetry functions (Viewpoint, altitude, battery's voltage)



## Data collection approach...a.k.a. The shutter's nightmare

- **Primary method for all models**
  - SFM / Multi-image dense 3D reconstruction
- **Create multiple closed image sequences at different height levels around the monument**
  - Terrestrial (height range 1.50m – 6.00m using tripods, monopod)
  - Aerial (height range 7.00m – 40m e.g. Rotunda minaret)
- **Top aerial image sequences capture approach**
  - Low angle oblique
  - Vertical titled
- **Inevitable → Additional image sequences to capture**
  - High morphological complexity areas with occlusions
  - Concavities
  - Details
- **No safe distance limit was introduced by the Ephorate!**
  - Allowed us to fly close to the monuments (some cases < 3m )



## Data collection challenges

### Terrestrial Photoshooting Sessions

- **People**
  - Respect visitors → In many occasions had to stop collection phase
  - Inform personnel about our work and what we are doing
  - Politely avoid long conversations with *drunken scholars*
- **Accessing the monument from all viewpoints needed**
  - Where not possible → Tried airborne instead
- **Weather conditions**
  - Trying to perform image collection always on cloudy days (Overcast)
  - Absence of strong shadows – Overall similar lighting conditions
  - Good for simulating different lighting conditions





## Data collection challenges

### Aerial Photoshooting Sessions

- **Wind gusts**
  - Reduce total flying time
  - Hard to automatically keep a safe distance from target → GPS slow response
  - Dictates full-manual navigation
- **Environment - Monuments morphology**
  - Difficulty to keep the UAV in pilot's line-of-sight
  - Need for pilot's continuous movement to keep L-O-S
  - Flight plan complexity related to morphological complexity
- **Birds...especially seagulls and crows**
  - Flying around the UVA to scare it
  - Sometimes...even try attacking the UAV!!!





## Data Processing...software and hardware

### Software arsenal

- **Primary 3D model generation software**
  - Agisoft PhotoScan Professional edition
- **Mesh processing, analysis and video generation**
  - Meshlab, Blender, Arius 3D Pointstream Editor, Cloud Compare, X-normal, InstantReality aopt tool

### Hardware arsenal

- **6 x PC systems for data processing**
  - 3 x 64GB , 2 x 32GB , 1 x 96GB RAM
  - 4 x Intel i7 4-cores, 1 x 6-cores
  - ATI Radeon R9 280X, Geforce GTX 580
  - Microsoft Windows 7 Pro 64 bit

## Data Processing...some numbers

### Total number of images per project and some indication for processing times

- Kioutouklou Baba Bekctashic Teke → 1.000 images
- Church of the Holy Apostles → 4.100
- Church of the Acheiropoietos → 5.000
- Church of St. George (Rotunda) → 9.200

Alignment duration: ~190 hours (10.000 points per image) Intel i7 6-core 3.4Ghz, ATI Radeon R9 200

- Monastery of Panagia Kalamou → 9.000
- Monastery of Panagia Kosmosotira → 4.000







## Data Processing challenges

- **Long processing times**
  - Image alignment and dense stereo reconstruction → Extremely demanding CPU/GPU/RAM
  - Hard to automatically keep a safe distance from target → GPS slow response
    - Dictates full-manual navigation of UAV
  - Not as immediate as viewing data from a scanner
- **Exploit Agisoft Photoscan's Python scripting support**
  - Perform dense stereo in multiple small regions
  - Able to get higher resolution results with less memory requirements
- **Still unable to get the best out of the image sequences**
  - Big data handling-visualisation inability using current hardware and software

## Data Processing...

- **Producing different resolution models**

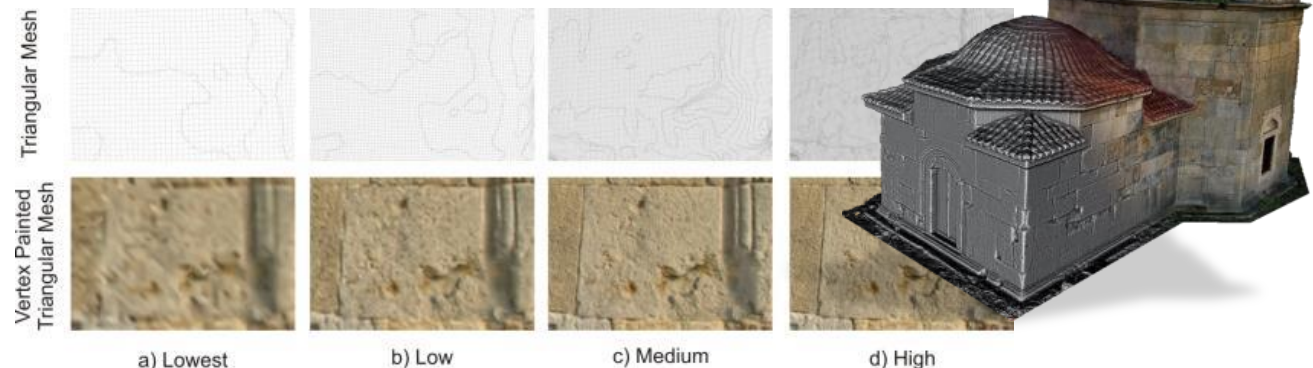
- Photoscan → Meshlab (>mesh simplification) → Blender (>UV unwrap) → PhotoScan (Texture Mapping)

- **End up with four different mesh complexity levels**

- Low Res: <100K facets with  $1024^2$  pixels texture map | Mobile devices & low bandwidth connections
- Medium Res: <300K facets with  $4096^2$  | Average PCs
- High Res: aprox. 1M facets with  $8192^2$  | High end PCs
- Raw : >20M facets with vertex colour (Limited by current hardware specifications) | Research purpose data

- **Output formats**

- First three levels as X3D with JPEG texture maps
- Raw in binary PLY format

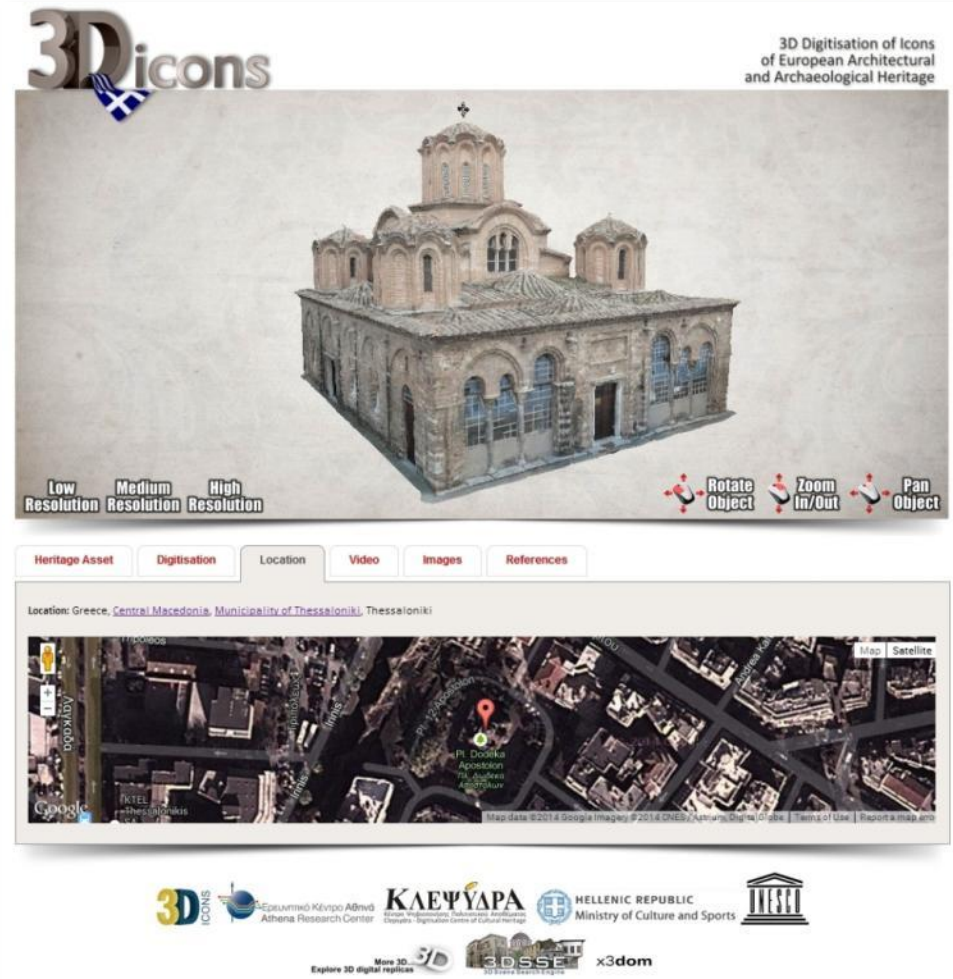


## On landing pages...

- **Some features**
  - Use WebGL/X3DOM javascript as a viewer
  - Show 3D models in a wide range of platforms
    - IOS8 supports x3dom
- **Turntable navigation mode**
  - Prevent users accessing unwanted viewpoints
- **Attempted an application-like flavour**
  - iframes & tabs technologies

**3D-ICONS Portal:**  
<http://3dicons.ceti.gr>

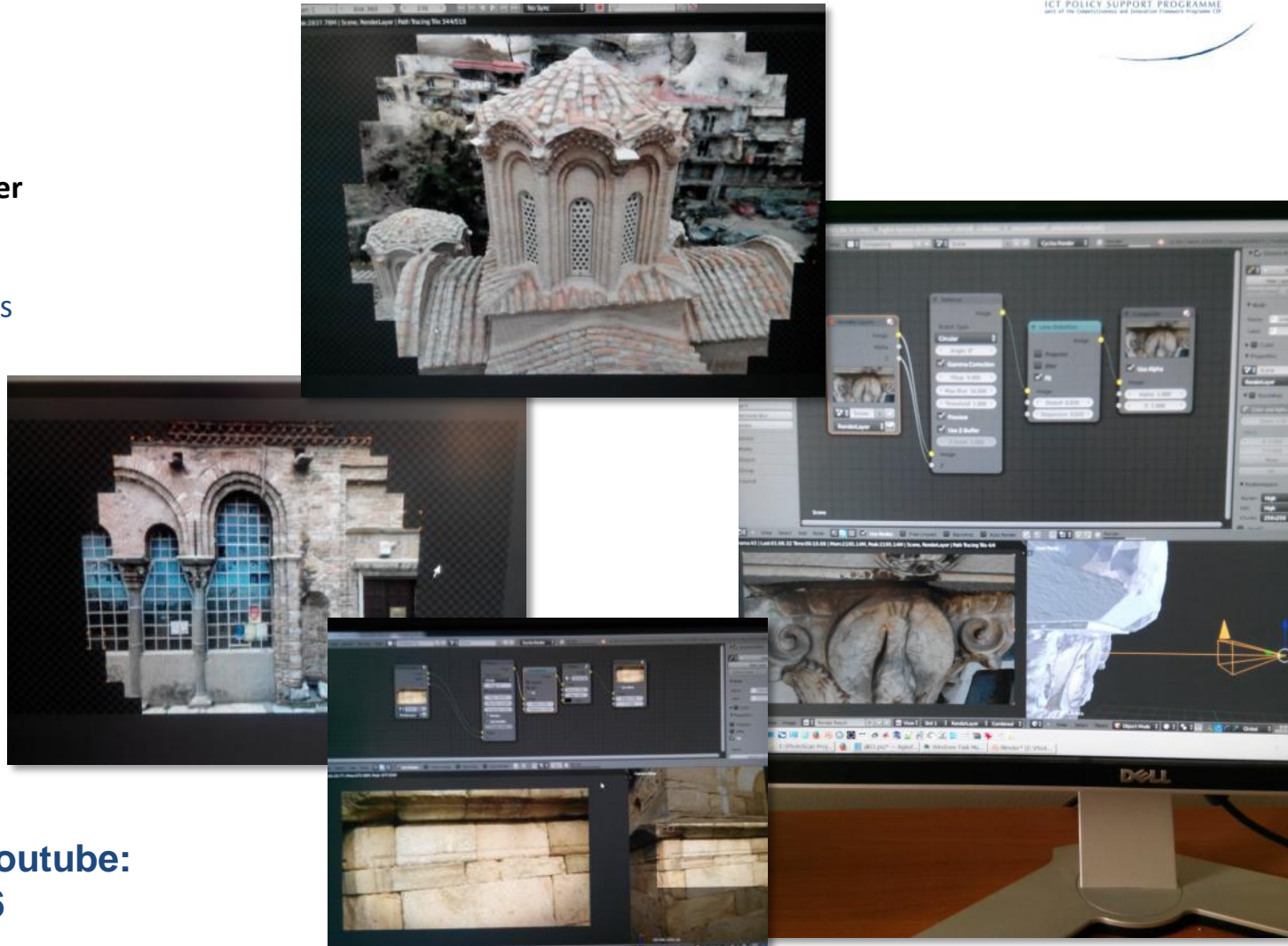
**Cheat mode URL:**  
<http://goo.gl/Q1GNyr>





On video sequences...

- **Rendered using Blender**
  - Cycles renderer
  - Depth of field effects
  - Barrel distortion
  - Colour aberration
  - Vignette
  - 1080p



Video Channel on Youtube:  
<http://goo.gl/eNIAH6>



## What is next...

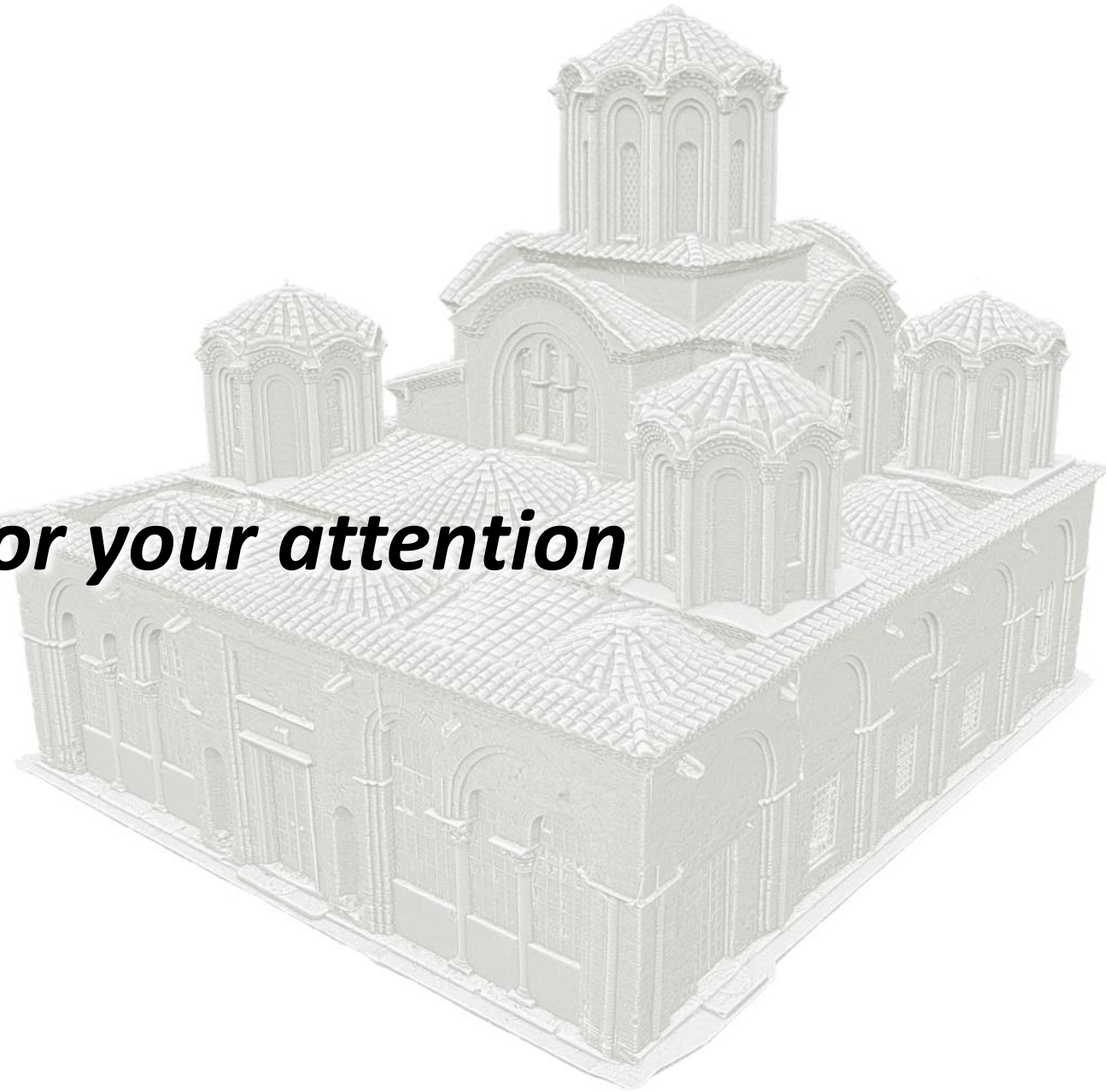
- **Complete the generation of the primary 3D models for the remaining of the monuments**
  - Looking forward for the new Agisoft Photoscan version that supports network processing
- **Update current high resolution models**
  - Use of binary X3D encoding and progressive download
- **Generate orthophotos of monument's facades → Digital resources**
- **Stick to metadata generation and ingestion targets**
- **If time!!! Work on a custom WebGL/ThreeJS based viewer in order to exploit**
  - Tessellation displacement mapping
  - Low complexity mesh / High geometry details presented through shaders



### Some related papers...

- A. Koutsoudis, B. Vidmar, G. Ioannakis, F. Arnaoutoglou, G. Pavlidis, C. Chamzas, **Multi-Image 3D Reconstruction Data Evaluation**, *Journal of Cultural Heritage*, Volume 15, Issue 1, January–February 2014, Pages 73–79.
- F. Remondino, F. Menna, A. Koutsoudis, C. Chamzas, S. El-Hakim, **Design and implement a reality-based 3D digitisation and modelling project**, *International Congress on Digital Heritage*, 28 Oct - 01 Nov, Marseille, France, 2013.
- A. Koutsoudis, B. Vidmar, F. Arnaoutoglou, **Performance Evaluation of a Multi-Image 3D Reconstruction Software on a Low-Feature Artefact**, *Journal of Archaeological Science*, Vol. 40 (12), December 2013, pp.4450-4456.





***Thank you for your attention***